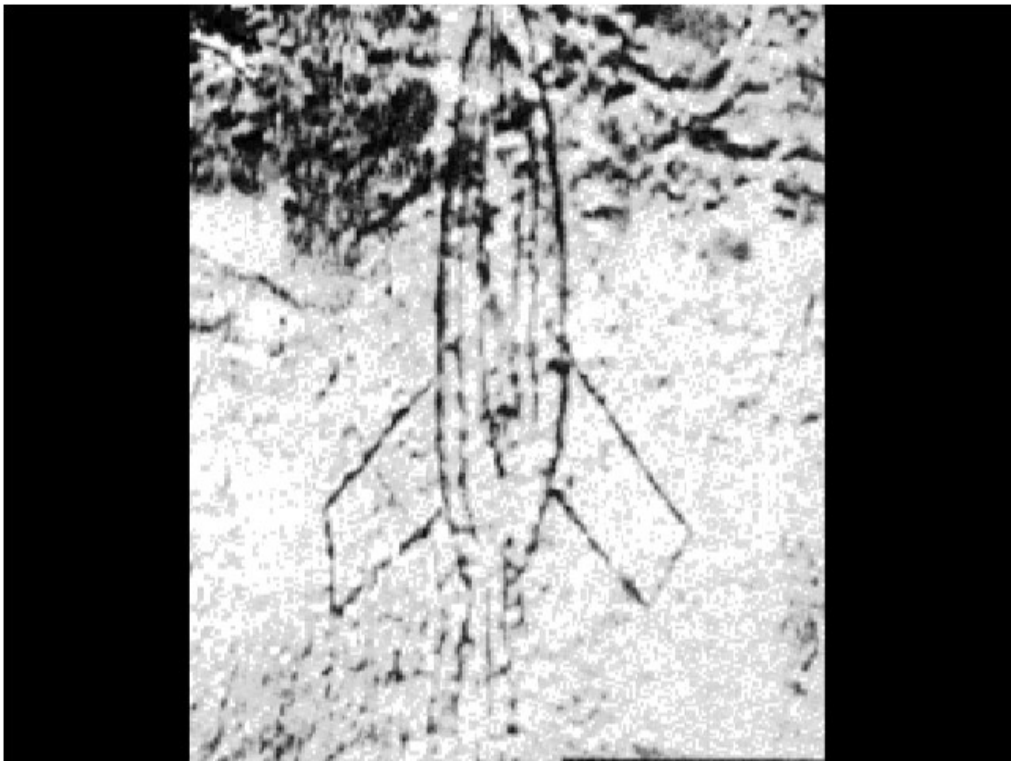

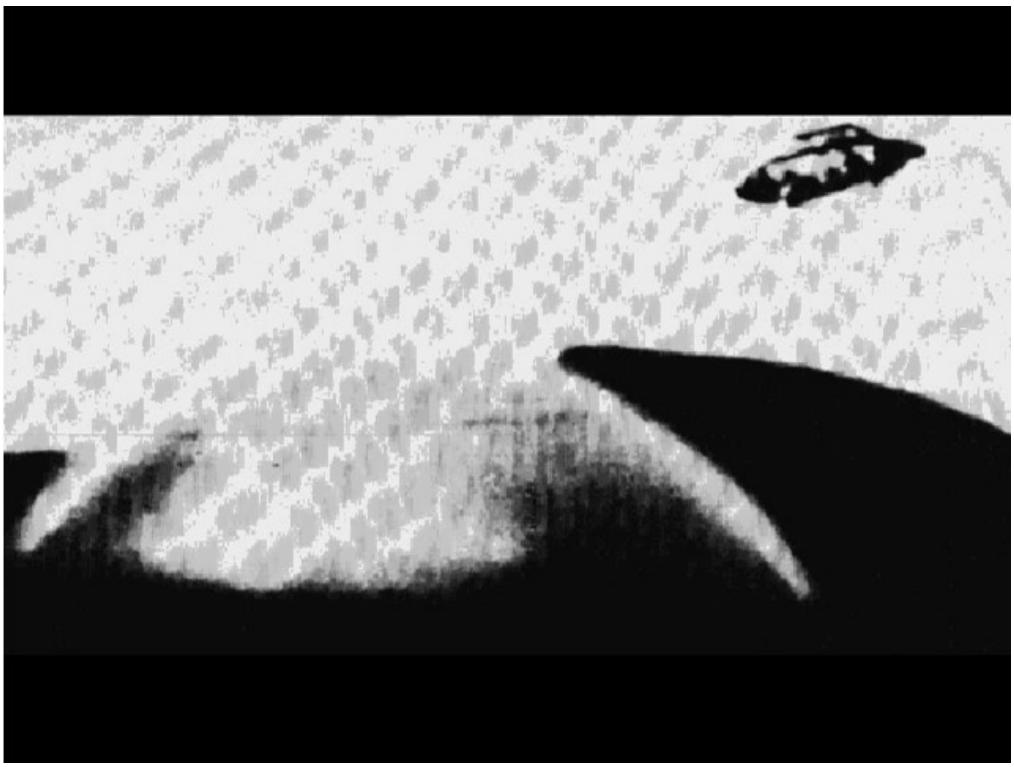

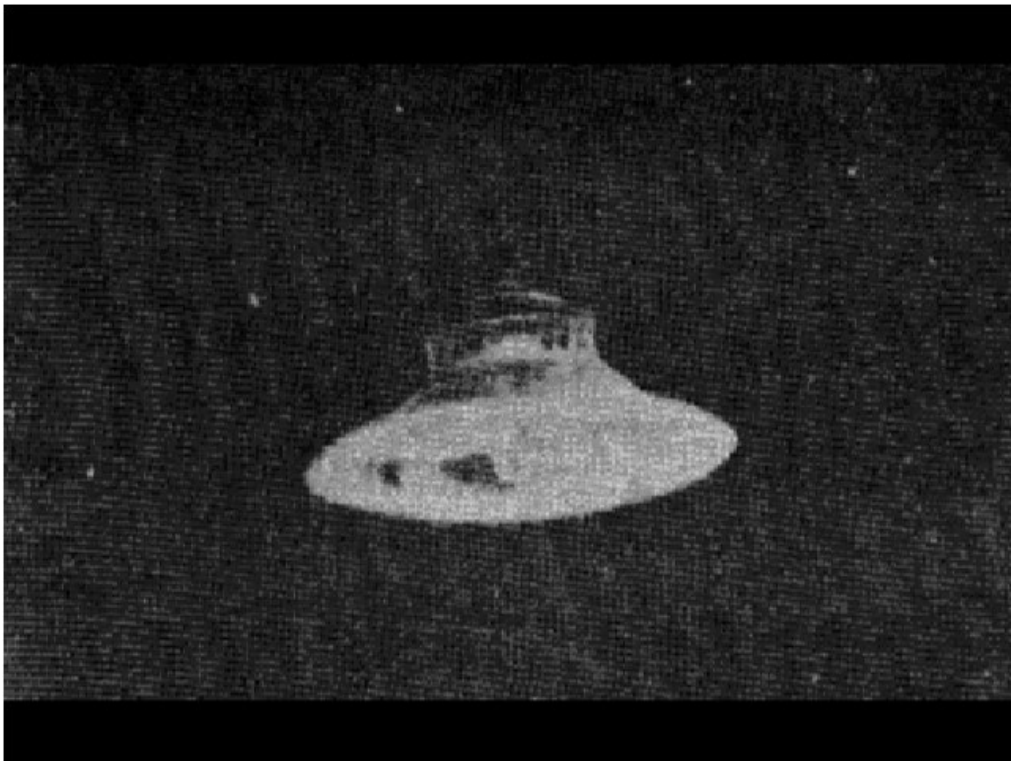

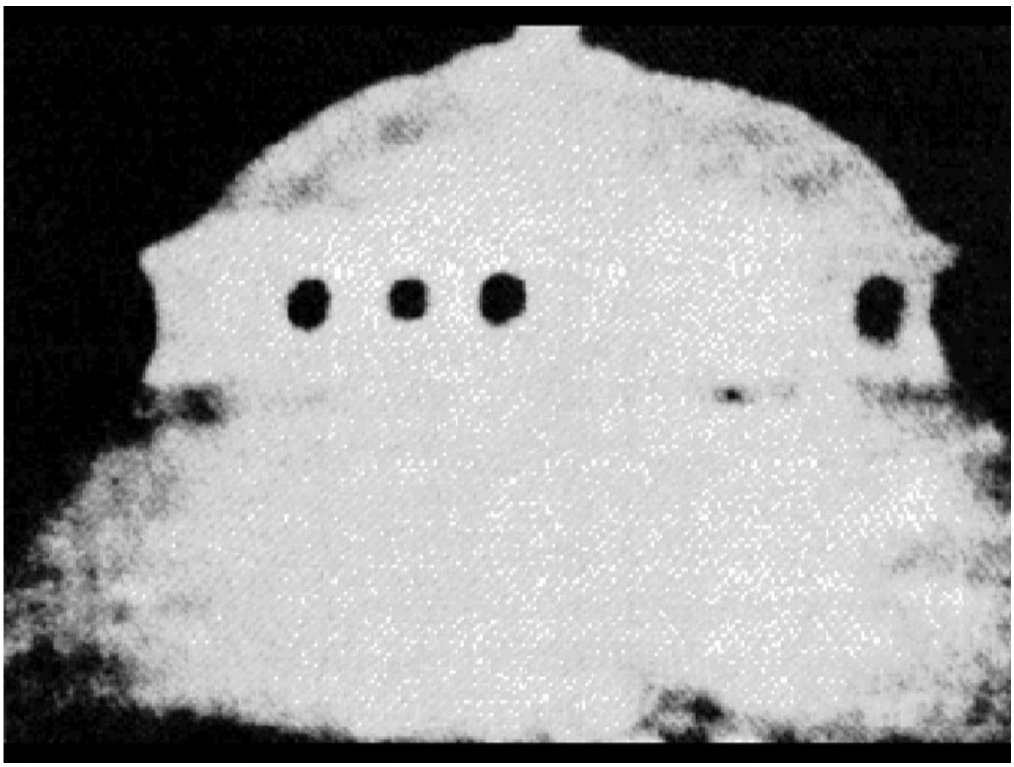

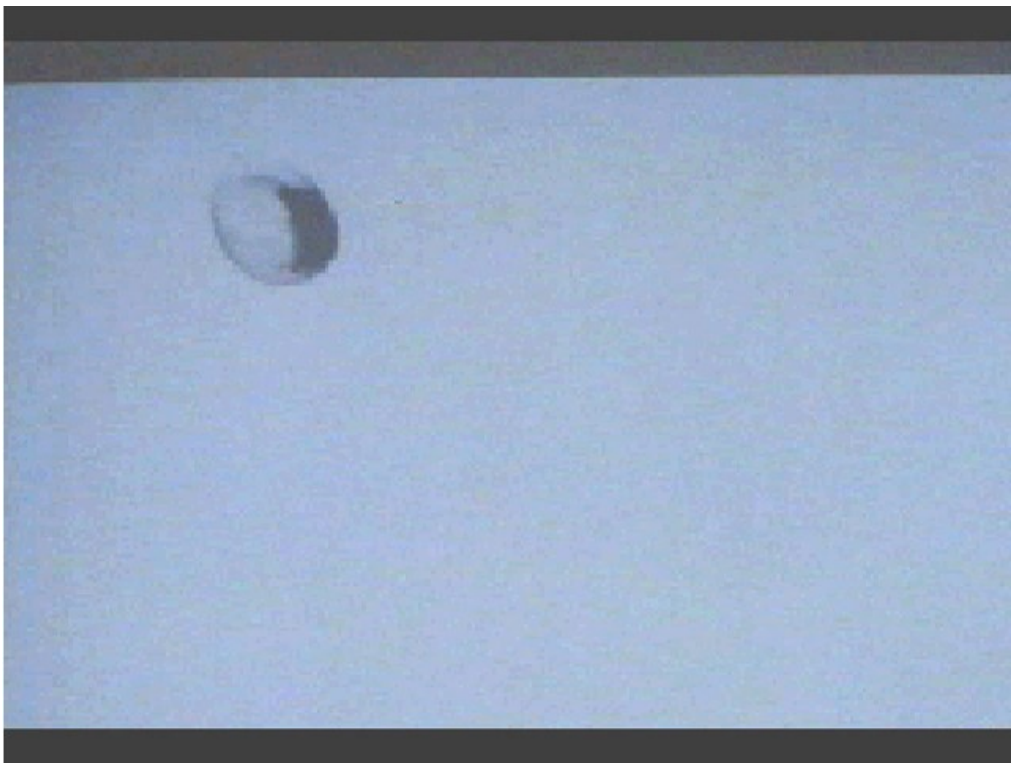

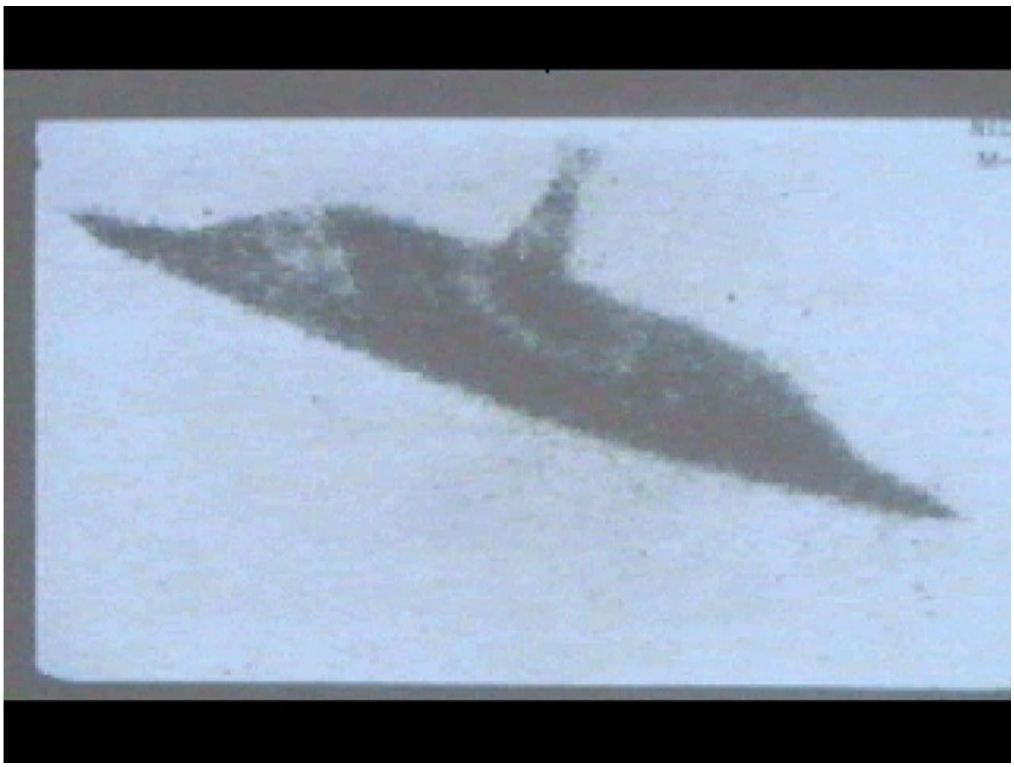

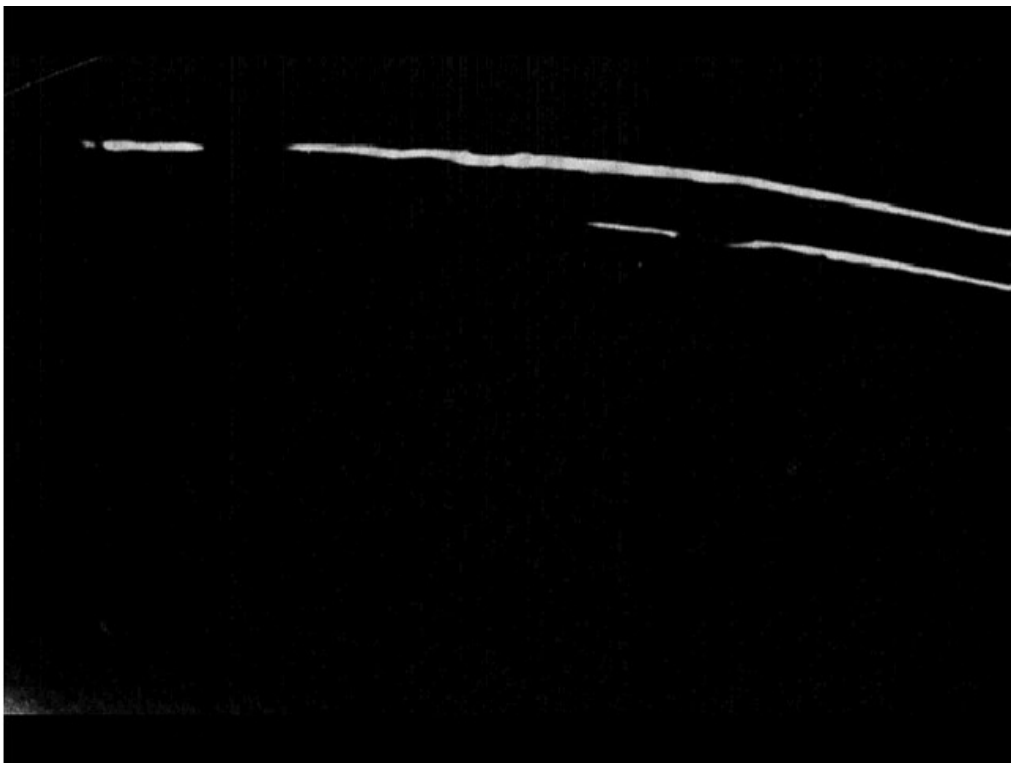

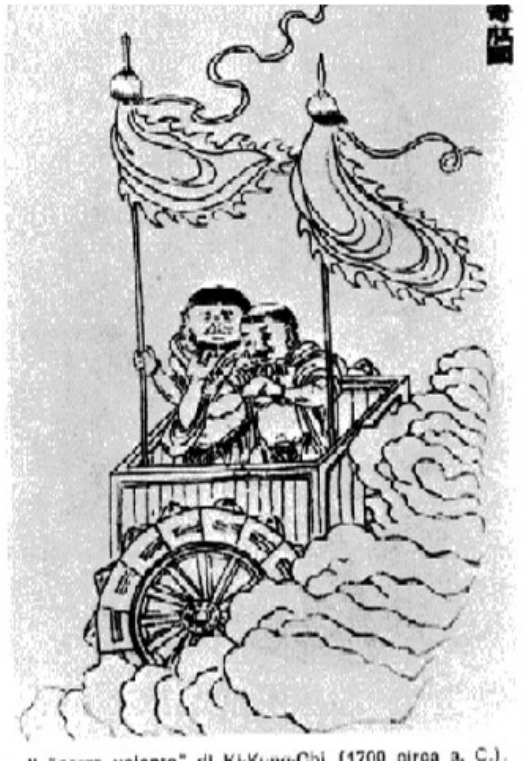

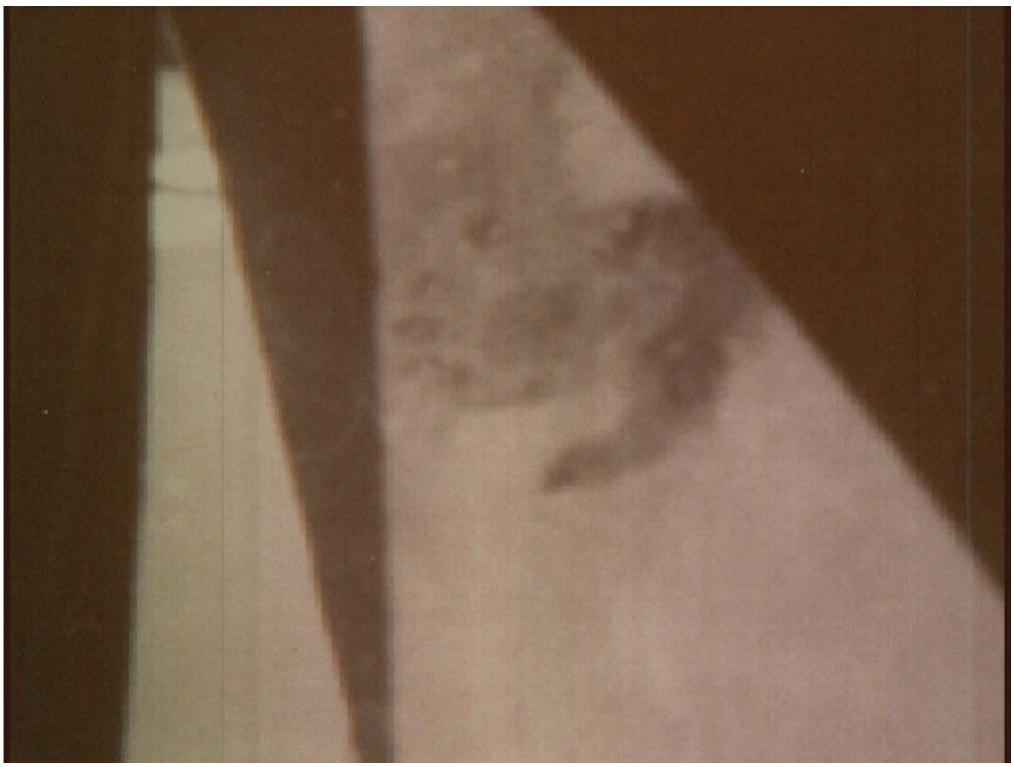

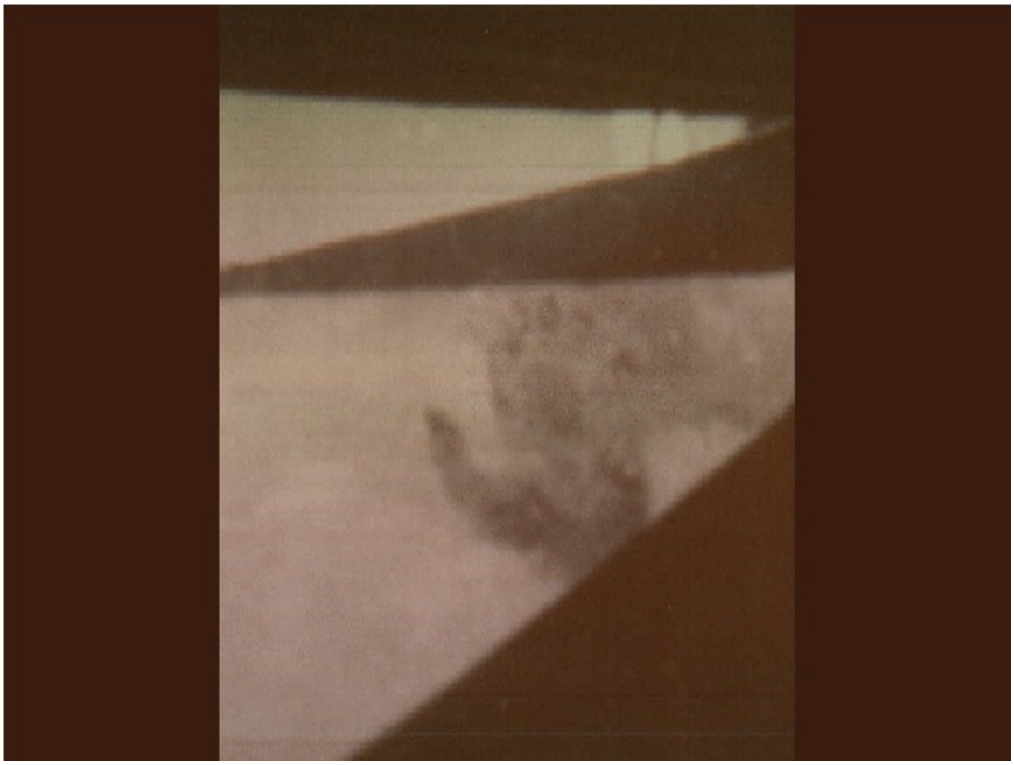

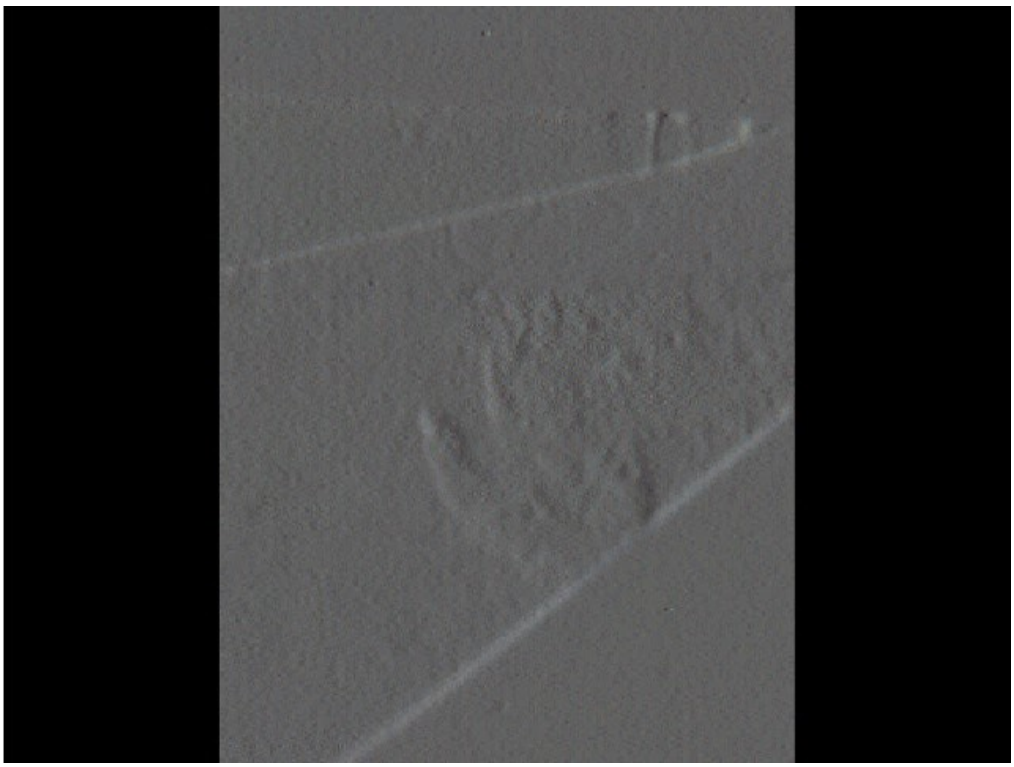

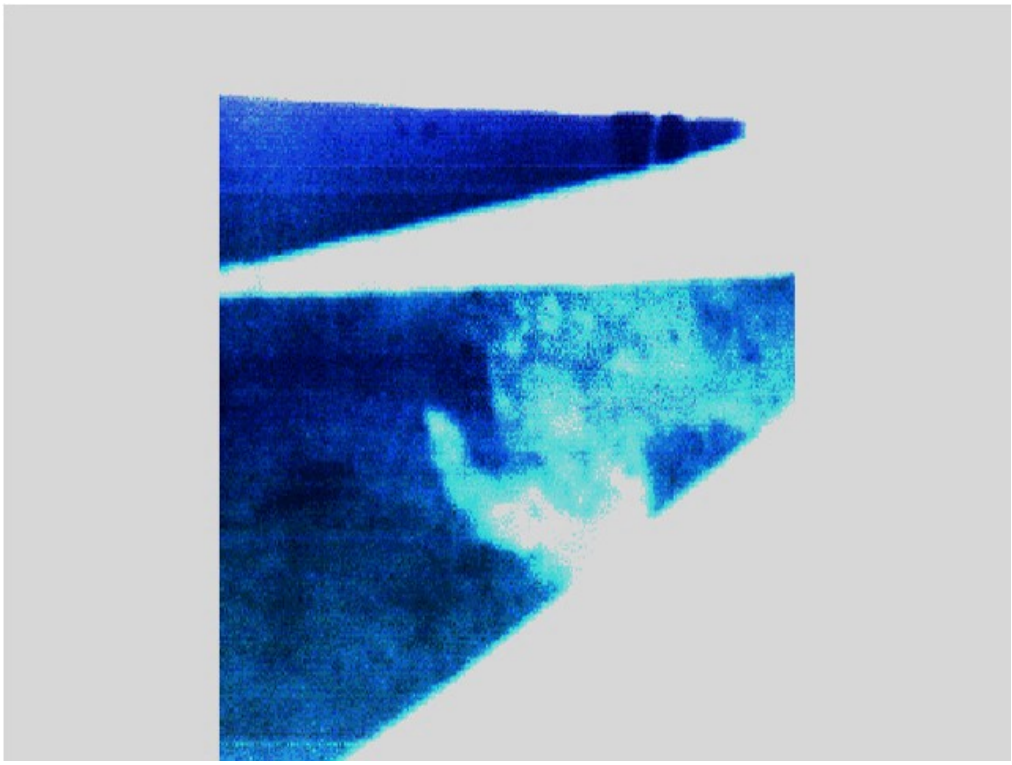

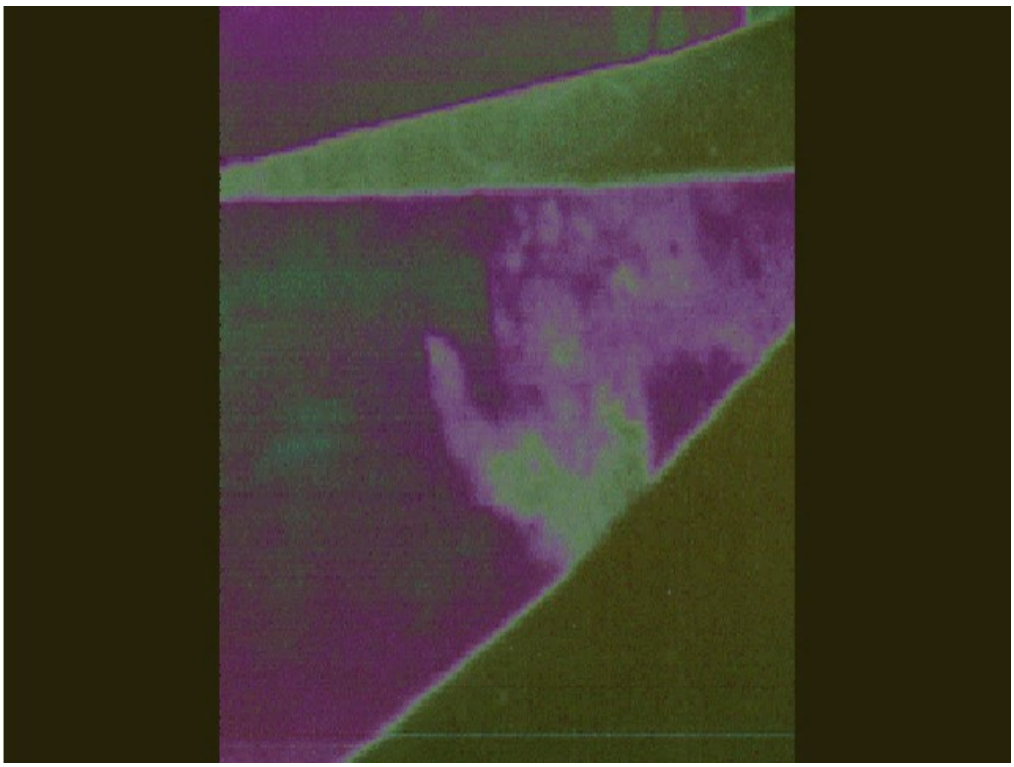

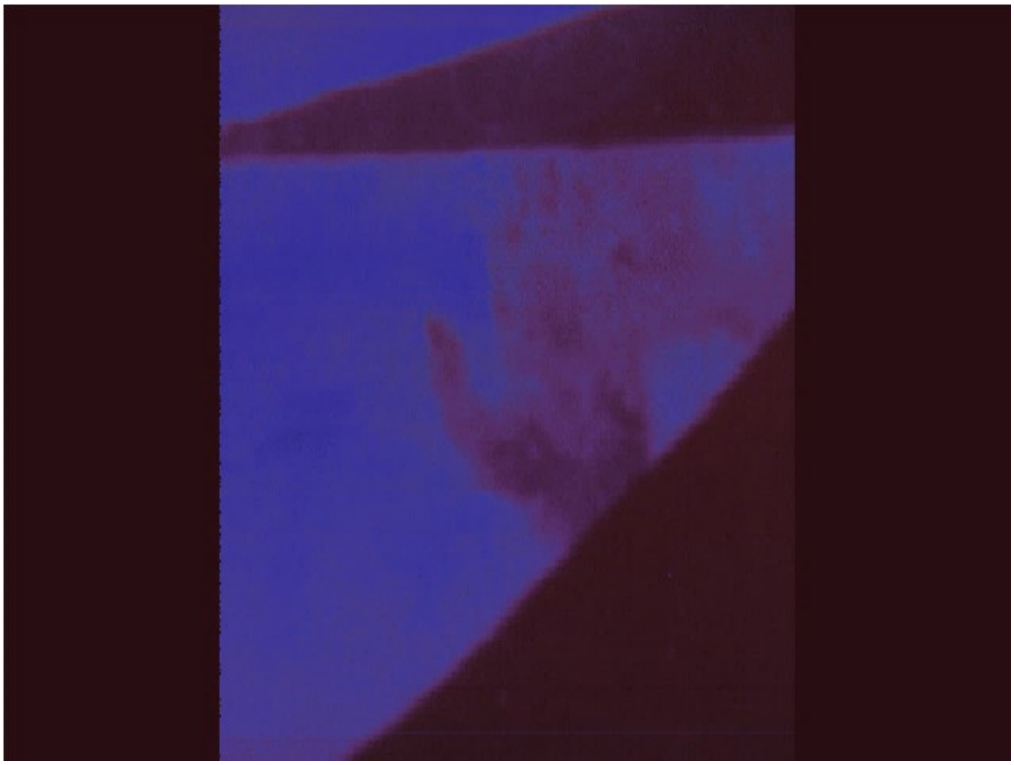

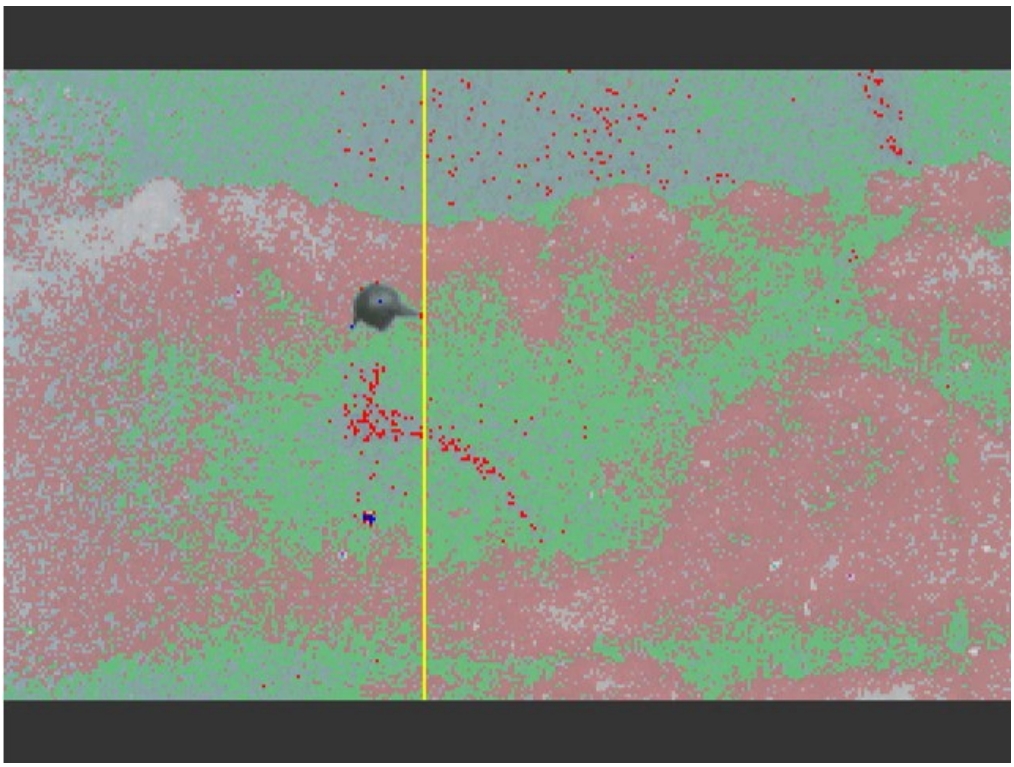

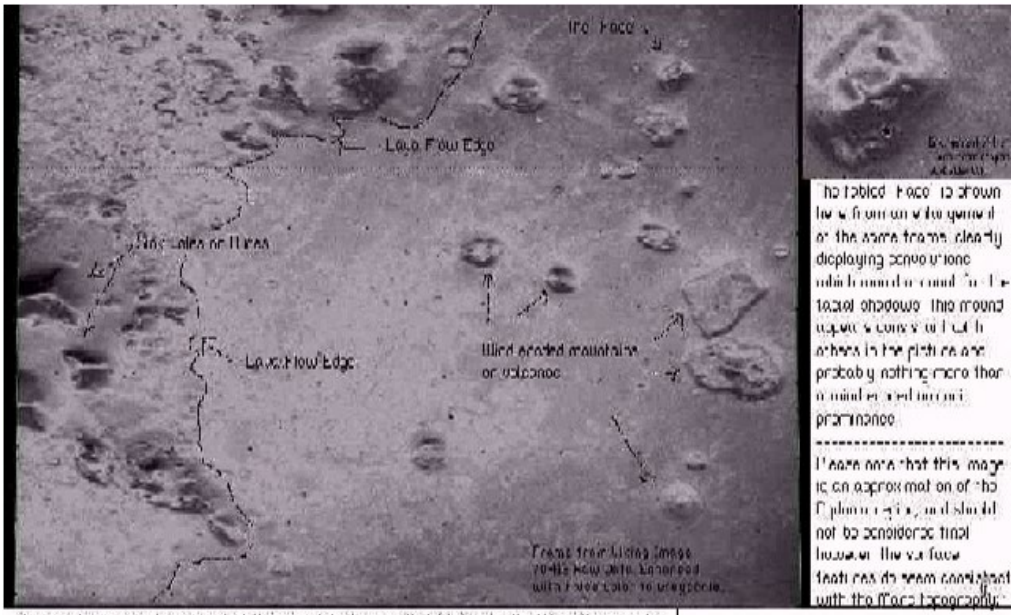

The tabled frame is shown here from an oblique vantage point of the same frame, clearly displaying some of the radial shadows. This mound appears consistent with others in the plain and probably nothing more than a mildly eroded mountain prominence.

Please note that this image is an approximation of the Cydonia region, and should not be considered final however. The surface features do seem consistent with the mesa topography.

The graphic is an enhancement of the raw data frame 70A13 taken by the Viking II orbiter during the flyby of the pseudo Cydonia region. Using false-color processing techniques, this area appears to largely volcanic in nature. Note the prominent outline of the vast lava sheet defined by the edge overlay lines. Fluidic and lava runoffs are clearly visible. The "stacked circles" seen in the middle of the image probably volcanic prominences or gas bubbles erased by high winds.

Original 70A13 frame courtesy of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Graphics enhancements by David R. Saxon